



Responding to Oilfield Emergencies - 8 hrs.

Classroom only - 4 hrs.



Often it is the front-line first response that is vital to preventing loss of life and containing property and environmental damage. The first responders to oil and gas incidents are usually local emergency response units, including rural and volunteer firefighters. They are responsible for mitigating fires and other hazardous situations, ensuring safety of personnel and property, and communicating effectively with necessary parties. In most cases, these people are highly competent in conventional firefighting and emergency response practices, but may have no formal training or experience with the unique challenges and hazards posed by oil field incidents. For example, they may not know which procedures would prove most effective, how to contain the incident, and how to minimize personal danger. Similarly, they may know neither the types of hazardous chemicals or equipment to anticipate on site nor how to manage them safely. And most often, they would not know which parties to notify or how to contact them. This class helps emergency responders develop the knowledge and skills necessary to safely and effectively manage a typical oil field emergency.

Host Responsibilities:

- Minimum 12 students.
- Propane vendor to purchase 100-200 gallons of propane
- Engine with a minimum pumping capability of 750 gallons per minute
- Provide an operator for the engine
- Minimum space of 100' x 200' hard surface for props
- SCBA refill capability.
- Rehab (cases of water).
- Portable toilet or restroom.

Minimum Student Requirements

- Full PPE
- Working knowledge of Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA).
- Clean shaven. Clean shaven means no facial hair is present where the seal of the air mask comes into contact with your face. Live Fire Instructors have been instructed to not allow students to participate in live fire classes who do not meet this clean-shaven definition above.
- Students must 18 years or older

